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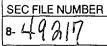


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OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: January 31, 2007

Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	January 31,		AND ENDING	December 31, 2005
	MM/DD/Y	/Y		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	SISTRANT IDE	NTIFICA	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Veritage Group, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	INESS: (Do not use	e P.O. Bo>	No.)	OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
_4 Megonko Road	:			
	(No. and St	reet)		-
Natick	MA		01	760
(City)	(Sta	ate)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE Jane Morris McColl	ERSON TO CONTA	.CT IN RE	GARD TO THIS RE	PORT 508/416-1788
	:			(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDE	NTIFIC	ATION	
Morris & Morris, P.C.	vhose opinion is con	·		
32 Kearney Road	Needham Heig	hts 4	MA	02494
(Address)	(City)	(ES)	RECEIVED (State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant		FE	B 2 8 2006	PROCESSED MAY 1 2 2005
Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of	its posses	203 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	Thumson Financial
	FOR OFFICIAL	USE ON	LY	
				٥.

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountants must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

3/6

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

۱, Ja	ane Morris McColl	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
-	vledge and belief the accompanying financial staten eritage Group, LLC	nent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
		05, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither tl		officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	d solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	!	
	i i	
This report (a) Fig. (b) Since (c) S		co Claims of Creditors. Sements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Req	
	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudite consolidation.	d Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
	An Oath or Affirmation.	
	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
		to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**For co	onditions of confidential treatment of certain portic	ons of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

February 7, 2006

TO THE MEMBER VERITAGE GROUP, LLC 4 Megonko Road Natick, MA 01760

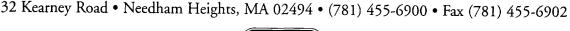
We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Veritage Group, LLC as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of operations, member's capital, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Veritage Group, LLC at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations, member's capital, and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants

Mond + Mornar, P.C.







BALANCE SHEETS

		December 31	
		2005	2004
	<u>ASSETS</u>		
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Trade		\$ 318,637 2,653	\$ 157,962 <u>35,414</u>
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		321,290	<u>193,376</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, at Cost Less: Accumulated Depreciation		62,896 (40,116)	60,283 (30,053)
		22,780	30,230
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>\$ 344,070</u>	<u>\$ 223,606</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AI</u>	ND MEMBER'S CAPITAL		
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses		\$ - 	\$ 15,469 ———
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		271,760	15,469
MEMBER'S CAPITAL		72,310	208,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S	S CAPITAL	<u>\$ 344,070</u>	<u>\$ 223,606</u>





STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		Years Ended December 31	
		<u>2005</u>	2004
REVENUES		\$ 2,071,786	\$ 1,277,250
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINIS	TRATIVE EXPENSES:		
Professional Expenses		509,295	533,970
Retirement Plan Contribution		271,760	- ·
Travel and Entertainment		34,535	20,964
General and Administrative		27,468	12,743
Depreciation	i	10,062	8,763
Utilities		9,758	8,390
TOTAL EXPENSES		862,878	<u>584,830</u>
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		1,208,908	692,420
INTEREST INCOME		1,258	<u> 170</u>
NET INCOME		<u>\$ 1,210,166</u>	\$ 692,590





STATEMENTS OF MEMBER'S CAPITAL (DEFICIT)

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Year Ended December 31, 2004	Member's Capital (Deficit)	Additional Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	Accumulate Other Comprehensi Income (Loss	ve Retained	<u>Totals</u>
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2004	\$(1,416,662)	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 1,399,289	\$ 57,627
Add: Capital Contributions	<u>-</u> i	-	-	-	-
Add: Net Income	-	-	-	692,590	692,590
Deduct: Distribution to Member	(542,080)				(542,080)
Ending Balance, December 31, 2004	<u>\$(1,958,742</u>)	<u>\$ 75,000</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 2,091,879	<u>\$ 208,137</u>
Year Ended <u>December 31, 2005</u>					
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2005	\$(1,958,742)	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 2,091,879	\$ 208,137
Add: Capital Contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Add: Net Income	 	-	-	1,210,166	1,210,166
Deduct: Distribution to Member	(1,345,993)				(1,345,993)
Ending Balance, December 31, 2005	<u>\$(3,304,735</u>)	<u>\$_75,000</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 3,302,045</u>	\$ 72,310





STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31	
	2005	2004
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 2,104,547	\$ 1,267,955
Cash Paid for Operating Expenses	(596,525)	(576,067)
Interest Income Received	1,258	170
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,509,280	692,058
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Paid for Property and Equipment	(2,612)	(16,626)
Net Cash (Used for) Investing Activities	(2,612)	(16,626)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Distributed to Member	_(1,345,993)	(542,080)
Net Cash (Used for) Financing Activities	(1,345,993)	(542,080)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	160,675	133,352
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	157,962	24,610
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	<u>\$ 318,637</u>	<u>\$ 157,962</u>





STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

		Years Ended December 31	
		2005	2004
RECONCILIATIONS OF NET INCOME TO PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITY	'		
Total Income	!	\$ 1,210,166	\$ 692,590
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Provided by Operating Activities:	Net Cash		
Depreciation		10,062	8,763
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	!		
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Rec	ceivable - Trade	32,761	(25,414)
Decrease in Deposit		-	650
Increase in Accounts Payable and A	ccrued Expenses	256,291	15,469
Total Adjustments	:	299,114	(532)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	S :	<u>\$ 1,509,280</u>	\$ 692,058





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

A. THE COMPANY AND NATURE OF ITS OPERATIONS:

The Limited Liability Company was organized under the laws of the State of Delaware on February 29, 1996, for the principal purpose of engaging in the business of placing private securities with institutional investors. The latest date for the dissolution of the LLC is March 20, 2026.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

1. Methods of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, using the accrual-basis method of accounting. The Company utilizes the cash-basis method of accounting for income tax reporting purposes.

2. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years then ended. Actual results and amounts may differ from the estimates made in the preparation of these financial statements.

3. Cash and Equivalents

The Company invests certain cash in excess of operating requirements into money market accounts of financial institutions. The carrying amounts approximate fair market value because of the short-term nature of these securities. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all short-term cash investments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents.





VERITAGE GROUP, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

B. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

4. <u>Uncollectible Accounts</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the Company utilizes the reserve method to account for possible uncollectible accounts. Accounts deemed to be uncollectible are written off in the year that the account becomes uncollectible. The direct write-off method is utilized for income tax reporting purposes.

5. Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment is recorded at cost. Major replacements and betterments to equipment are capitalized, whereas routine maintenance, repairs and minor replacements are charged as incurred.

The Company utilizes the straight-line method in computing depreciation expense for financial reporting purposes, while utilizing various accelerated methods in computing depreciation expense for tax reporting purposes. Depreciation expense is computed using the estimated lives of individual assets as follows:

Number of Years

Office Furniture and Equipment

5-7

6. Federal and State Income Taxes

The Company is organized as a Limited Liability Company (LLC). Under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, the single-member LLC is treated as a Sole Proprietorship for income tax reporting purposes and, accordingly, is not subject to income taxes. Income or losses of the Company are includable in the Member's individual income tax returns.





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

C. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK:

During the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company performed a significant amount of work for four (4) unrelated customers. The amounts related to these significant customers included in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income and balance sheets are as follows:

	Revenues	Accounts Receivable
	for the Years Ended	as of
	December 31	December 31
	<u>2005</u> <u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u> <u>2004</u>
Customer A	\$ 768,811 \$ 833,333	\$ - \$ -
Customer B	401,225 191,719	- 258
Customer C	351,563 60,000	
Customer D	351,563	

The Company maintains its cash in various accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash.

D. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both, as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company had net capital of \$46,877 and \$142,493, respectively. These amounts are in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 5.8 to 1 and 0.11 to 1, respectively. In addition, the Company has informally agreed with the NASD that it will maintain minimum net capital of \$6,000.

E. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN:

During 2005, the Company adopted an employee benefit plan, pursuant to Section 412(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, covering all of its qualified employees. Retirement plan contributions were \$271,760 for the year ended December 31, 2005.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Our audits of the financial statements of Veritage Group, LLC at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and for the years then ended, were intended primarily for the purpose of formulating an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The additional information presented in the following pages has been taken primarily from accounting and other records of the Company and is not necessary for fair presentation of its financial position, results of its operations or its cash flows in order to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The additional information has not been subjected to tests and other auditing procedures sufficient to enable us to express an opinion as to the fairness of the details included therein and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the additional information.

Certified Public Accountants

Money Money, P.C.

32 Kearney Road • Needham Heights, MA 02494 • (781) 455-6900 • Fax (781) 455-6902





Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

		December 31	
		<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Net Capital:	•		
Total Member's Capital		<u>\$ 72,310</u>	\$ 208,137
Deduct Nonallowable Assets:			
Accounts Receivable		2,653	35,414
Property and Equipment, Net	ı	22,780	30,230
Deposit			
		25.422	
•		25,433	65,644
Net Capital	:	<u>\$ 46,877</u>	<u>\$ 142,493</u>
Aggregate Indebtedness		<u>\$ 271,760</u>	\$ 15,469
Computation of Basic Net Capital Require Minimum Net Capital required - 6 2/39			
aggregate indebtedness, but not less		<u>\$ 18,117</u>	\$ 5,000
Excess of Net Capital over Requirement		\$ 28,760	<u>\$ 137,493</u>
Excess Net Capital at 1000% (Net Capital	- 10% of		
Aggregate Indebtedness)		<u>\$ 1,584</u>	<u>\$ 140,946</u>
Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Ca	pital	<u>5.8 to 1</u>	<u>0.11 to 1</u>

There are no material differences from the above computations and the Company's corresponding unaudited Focus Report Form X-17A-5 Part II-A filings of December 31, 2004. Material differences from the above computations for December 31, 2005 primarily relate to additional accrued expenses.



EXEMPTION UNDER RULE 15c3-3

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

The Company claims exemption under the provisions of Rule 15c3-3(k)2(i), since the Company is a broker/dealer engaged in the business of raising funds for private placements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To The Member Veritage Group, LLC

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements of Veritage Group, LLC (the Company) for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures, for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Veritage Group, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g): (1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph; and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

(Continued)

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or in the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur, and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 and 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives. In addition, the Company was in compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 at December 31, 2005 and 2004; and, further, no facts came to our attention indicating that the Company was not in compliance with such conditions during the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Morah Moras, P.C.

